

Strategy Migration thematic Hub ALDA & Flagship on migration 2024

Introduction to ALDA hub on migration

6th of May 2024

This document presents the strategy of ALDA thematic hub on migration which clusters ongoing projects, activities and the expertise accumulated by our association since its establishment in 1999.

The Hubs are thematic groups intended to ensure a more holistic and fluid action of the organisation. Therefore, the Hubs aim to:

- Strengthen ALDA's commitment by promoting a thematically structured knowledge and know-how, promoting a better coherence between our ongoing projects;
- To make the involvement of members more systematic through animation and participation in project activities (events, trainings, content/paper productions, ...) through the close collaboration between Hubs and Working groups;
- Encourage cross-departmental interaction, especially with the development team and regional units, which have their own geographic specialisation but they cross the thematic hubs with their activities;
- To favour the professional growth and specialisation of ALDA staff in line with some of the aims of the Staff improvement.

FLAGSHIP INITIATIVE ON MIGRATION

Due to the growing instrumentalisation, misunderstanding and mishandling of the topic of migration as a threat, in particular, in the EU area, ALDA commits to adopt a **specific approach dedicated to supporting the rights of people on the move, newcomers and diasporas as well as the whole recipient community**, in particular working with Local Authorities on the management of inclusive communities and with Civil Society Organisations and citizens groups on the **representativeness of migrant populations and their participation in decision-making processes at the local level**. ALDA also endeavours to serve as a **bridge between grassroots knowledge and the formulation of state and EU policies**, recognising the importance of integrating the day-to-day experiences and insights of its members into higher-level decision-making processes. By advocating for the adoption of



tools and legislations that are not only more relevant but also more responsive to the complex realities of migration, ALDA aims to ensure that **policies are effectively tailored to address the diverse needs and challenges faced by migrant communities and individuals and their host societies**.

ALDA's Migration strategy and advocacy 2024-2028 framework focuses on 2 main key actions:

- 1. **Coordinated Action for Migration Rights:** coordinated actions between local authorities, governmental institutions, civil society, and diaspora organisations to safeguard migrants' rights and integration.
- 2. **Community Integration Advocacy:** Drive integration, inclusion, and participation of migrants in host communities as well as providing policy recommendations to EU institutions based on feedback from the local level.

This initiative takes stock and seeks to critically act up international, regional and national policies, as well as popular debates, relating to the migration field, in particular for what concerns the EU level as well as its neighbourhood. Through its new strategy and advocacy of key actions in the field of migration, ALDA with its member organisations and network aims to take the lead within the EU's migration framework and call to join forces to enhance and address the rights of people in the move and to influence the EU policies in this field.

ALDA moreover commits to adopt a transversal approach, by considering the **migrant population as well as the recipient community as constant beneficiaries of its projects and actions**.

ALDA's Coordination and Network

Members of Local Authorities and Civil Society Organizations: +300 Members working in Migration as Advisory Board: +20 Donors:+20

Concrete ongoing actions that undertaken under ALDA's migration hub entail:

- → Taxonomy, mapping and benchmarking of good practices on integration (2024-2025),
- \rightarrow innovation solutions to improve local governance training (2024-2025),
- → Needs assessment at the Community of Practices (CoPs) level, in collaboration with the advisory board of Migration, academic/research institutions, CSOs, NGOs and LAs (2024-2025).



- → ToT to promote migrants' participation in the design and implementation of integration policies, in collaboration with LDAs and International Organizations (2024-2026).
- → CoPs workshops to promote migrants' participation, in collaboration with LDAs and International Organizations (2024-2026).
- → Peer-mentoring sessions are held by each CoPs
- → Desk research and consultations, in collaboration with research institutions, LAs and CSOs (2024-2025).
- → Policy lab sessions, in collaboration with research/academic institutions (2025-2027)
- → Dissemination, exploitation, communication and outreach (DECO) strategy adaptation, ALDA supporting AEIDL and other partners in communication and advocacy (2024-2027).
- → Advocacy, knowledge sharing and networking, ALDA supporting and taking lead with its members and partners in communication and advocacy (2024-2027).

Background

Migration and mobility are some of the most enduring phenomena in all of human history. Every society in the world has been affected and enriched by them, however, the ways in which they occur and their mechanisms are constantly evolving. Examining their variations in scale, direction, demographics and frequency present difficult but necessary tasks in understanding how migration is evolving and how to inform and implement effective policies, programmes and operational responses to address this multifaceted phenomenon at multiple levels, from local to international.

According to the World Bank, about 184 million people live outside of their country of nationality as of today. Very often, people are driven by issues affecting their country of origin such as poverty and exclusion, climate change consequences, wars and poor or non-existing status of human rights. However, not all of the issues leading people to leave their countries are currently recognised by international and national legislations as legitimate. Furthermore, the negative impact of the experience of migrating people in the countries of transit and arrival is exacerbated by misinformation and its politicisation.

International and regional policies on migration

ALDA's work takes place in a cosmos of international, regional and national policies that seek to regulate the migration phenomena under different aspects:

- The Common European Asylum System (CEAS) (2013): The current system is still characterised by **differing treatment of asylum seekers** and varying recognition rates



among EU Member States. This divergence is what encourages secondary movements and is partly due to the fact that the current rules grant Member States a great deal of discretion in how they apply the common EU rules. The 5 legislative instruments governing this system are the Asylum Procedures Directive, the Reception Conditions Directive, the Qualification Directive, the Dublin Regulation and the EURODAC Regulation

- The Joint Valletta Action Plan (JVAP), adopted in 2015 in Malta, constitutes a reference framework for European action in terms of **cooperation with partner countries** across the entire migration field. The JVAP defines a series of priorities in strengthening the governance of migration between Europe and Africa, and is structured around five areas: The benefits of migration in terms of development, and the fight against the root causes of irregular migration and the phenomenon of displaced persons Legal migration and mobility Protection and asylum Preventing and combating irregular migration, migrant smuggling and human trafficking Return, readmission and reintegrations. The implementation of the JVAP is monitored by the mechanisms of the Khartoum Process, the Rabat Process and the Niamey Declaration.
- The Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration, endorsed in 2018 in Marrakech, is the first comprehensive UN agreement on a common approach to international migration in all its dimensions. Articulated around 23 objectives, it recognises the need for a cooperative approach to optimise the global benefits of migration, while taking into account the risks and challenges faced by migrants and communities in countries of origin, transit or destination.
- The EU Action Plan on integration and inclusion for 2021-2027 focuses on the essentials of successful integration and inclusion into a host society: education and training, employment and skills, health and housing, as well as promoting the active participation of migrants and EU citizens with a migrant background in host societies. The plan also takes into account the specific needs of different groups, including EU citizens with a migrant background, women, religious minorities, and for persons with disabilities, for example.
- The Council of Europe Action Plan on Protecting Vulnerable Persons in the Context of Migration and Asylum in Europe (2021-2025) is articulated around 4 main pillars: Ensuring protection and promoting safeguards by identifying and responding to vulnerability, Ensuring access to law and justice, Fostering democratic participation and, Enhancing cooperation between migration and asylum authorities in Council of Europe member states.
- Report on Migration and Asylum from the European Commission COM (2022) 740, whose key findings revolve around the experience of the first-ever activation of the Temporary Protection Directive to the benefit of the Ukrainian population fleeing the Russian war of aggression, and the setting up of a Solidarity Platform and the implementation of a 10-point plan for a coordinated European response.



The EU Pact on Migration and Asylum (2024), approved by the European Parliament on 10th April 2024, that reinforces the focus on ensuring external border management through the implementation of the new IT architecture and interoperability (it is worth noting that the EU Artificial Intelligence Act does not extend the prohibitions on Al systems to the migration context); on more efficient procedures for the evaluation of asylum applications; on the introduction of a "solidarity framework" between member states to share the responsibility of asylum applications and on embedding migration in international partnerships, in particular for what concerns preventing irregular departures and cooperation on readmission and return.

National policies on migration - focus on France

According to the inter-ministerial strategy of cooperation "Migrations and development 2022-2030" (*Migration et développement 2022-2030*), France intends to develop a global approach based on the link between migration and development, focusing on preventing irregular immigration and related risks and improve living conditions in countries of origin, as well as ensuring that regular migration acts as a vector for development.

In view of these factors, the French strategy focuses its actions on several objectives:

- establishing a controlled framework for "safe, orderly, and regular migration",
- preserving the human rights and dignity of migrants, equipping States to manage and govern migration,
- maximising the positive effects of migration on the sustainable development of the societies and countries concerned.

Its guidelines are based on the fundamental principles of official development assistance (ODA), human rights and the protection of vulnerable people:

- Promote informed, balanced discourse on migration based on reliable, objective data.
- Promote effective, multi-level governance of migration within the framework of cooperation with third countries.
- Develop a partnership approach, which also entails support to the most committed and active states, including the prevention of irregular flows, and to take account of the quality of cooperation on return and readmission.

In this strategy, there are some clear references to the local level:

- In promoting effective, multi-level governance of migration within the framework of cooperation with third countries, working with civil society and diasporas organisation (with whom France has a long-standing commitment) is seens as key, as well as capacity building for local authorities and the promotion of local partnerships.
- In developing a partnership approach, it supports the inclusion of **civil society in the design and implementation of migration and development nexus programs**.



- In combating the root causes of forced displacement, it recognised the importance of supporting the democratic processes in the countries of origin, as well as the creation of job opportunities.
- **Local authorities** are considered relevant players in the promotion of regular channels of mobility.
- A **multi-stakeholder approach**, with the key role of civil society organisations, should be adopted to guarantee migrants' rights, access to basic services and dignity.

ALDA's work on migration is informed about the international, regional and national regulations, and along its members reserves the freedom to advocate for the respect of the rights of migrating people, specifically for what concerns at the local democracy scale.

Specific advocacy and action points were identified with consulted ALDA members, such as:

- In France, many criticisms are raised against the current forced displacement of migrants from Paris to other cities in the framework of the preparation of the Olympic games in the capital, with little or no consultation with these municipalities. How can ALDA raise awareness about the issue?
- Migration is being instrumentalised for political reasons by many EU and non-EU governments (UK with the deportations in Rwanda, Italy with the externalisation of borders in Albania, the EU agreements with Libya and Turkey), but it is also growing at the local level. ALDA is committed to fight against the instrumentalisation of migration at all levels, concretely at the local level but with advocacy means at wider levels, too.
- According to their current statutes as countries of departure, transit or destination in terms of migration, different countries face different challenges. ALDA members based in countries experiencing these specific challenges can be brought together to share the expertise related to the different phases of migration.
- Local Authorities need further support in advocating for better migration policies on the basis of their experience on field.
- Despite being mostly active at the local level, concerns are raised towards the French policies on the treatment of unaccompanied minors and the usage of AI in EU external borders management, which is not considered in the recently approved EU Artificial Intelligence Act.

Institutions we will address: European Commission (DG HOME, DG NEAR, DG INTPA), EEAS (EU Delegations), French Ministry of Foreign Affairs...

Current debates

The data and arguments in this document are from the IOM's World migration report 2022,



except for the definitions and the info-graphics in the "Migration and climate change" section

ALDA's work on migration takes place not only in a policy framework, but also a public arena that is crossed by multiple narratives and debates around the topic of migration. In this panorama, we consider it key to take into account the following aspects:

- The **phenomenon of migration is often ill-estimated**, since the data show that in 2020 international migrants were 3,6% of the global population (with only a slight increase since 1995), while the great majority of people do not migrate across borders but rather within countries. This means that staying within one's country of birth overwhelmingly remains the norm, and historically migration from low-income countries has been very limited.
- While the EU regional and, in many cases, national narratives seem to suggest that migration by refugees is mostly affecting its region, in 2020 data reported **Turkey as being the largest refugees host country of the world**, with mostly non-EU countries (Lebanon, Pakistan, Iran, Uganda, Sudan, Bangladesh, Ethiopia) figuring in the top 10 recipient countries, and the only exception of Germany as a country that implemented specific asylum policies. On the other hand, for what concerns the phenomenon of international migration *per se*, **Asia is the most impacted continent** with a growth of around 74% in the first 20 years of the 2000s. This misperception has contributed to a **polarising effect, with migration activity increasingly being associated with highly developed countries**. This correlation raises the key issue of **visa access** and related migration policies: new research shows that citizens of wealthy countries are much more able to access regulated mobility regimes than those from low-income countries. However, the centrality of the **Mediterranean region** stands out as being the place with the **highest known number of migration-related deaths**.
- Anti-migrant disinformation can be identified as a specific responsibility of news media, politicians and often far-right actors. However, the countermeasures to it are still lacking significant scientific research and are restricted to rich, well-resourced countries, while efforts to counteract disinformation should be more coordinated and organic.
- Climate change induced migration has only recently started to be included in global policy discussions (namely the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change), and is still missing a comprehensive legal framework therefore imposing a greater vulnerability to the growing number of those affected by it.
- The phenomenon of **migrants trafficking** has reached virtually every country, being known to infringe human rights of migrating people (through slavery, torture, blackmail and exploitation) and almost 90% of irregular migration cases can be related to it. Human trafficking is explicitly recognised as a challenge in the 2030 Agenda for



Sustainable Development, however a consensus is missing on how to face the phenomenon and there remains a shortfall in political will to introduce effective policies to that end.

Therefore, ALDA recognises the relevance of the migration phenomena as well as its growing instrumentalisation, and this has led to the desire to create a specific thematic hub that can focus information and projects on migration in an agile manner and through a holistic and intersectional approach.

Specific advocacy and action points have been identified with ALDA members:

- The paradox of the instrumentalisation of migrants as the cause of social issues in EU societies, while EU societies themselves are ageing and therefore in need of new generations to reinforce themselves both socially and economically.
- One important objective can be to reinforce the migrant populations to take ownership of a new perspective and narrative where they are, concretely, those who will save EU societies in the future. Newcomers will be those who will support the Europeans, (becoming themselves the new European) pension system, the European young generations. What can ALDA do to enhance awareness about this paradox?

Stakeholders we will address: CSOs working on migration as well as their national and international networks, diaspora communities, media outlets

Vision

ALDA acknowledges migration as an inherent aspect of human history, recognizing the necessity for coordinated efforts and actions among governmental institutions, civil society organisations, and local authorities to ensure the integration and protection of the rights of individuals on the move, thereby fostering better understanding and support within their host communities. Especially in the current situation of the EU and its policies, ALDA recognizes that migration is an issue to be addressed at multiple levels, starting from the local level, and necessitating comprehensive strategies and collaboration across various sectors and stakeholders. Multicultural societies are already our realities, and as ALDA we believe this diversity will continue shaping our future, with all the positive impacts that biodiversity can bring in nature.

Through the creation of the thematic hub on migration, ALDA aims to tackle these challenges forward as already demonstrated by the previous 8 implemented projects (LIME, MIICT, BRIGHT, EPIC, PERCEPTIONS, 3STEPS, DEVOTE). The projects' aims were to contribute with actions and activities aiming at supporting the integration, inclusion and participation of migrants in the hosting communities, therefore within a crucial role for



Local Authorities and territorial bodies in coordination and enhancing their local integration systems and public services targeting migrants, refugees and asylum seekers - as well as providing policy recommendations to EU institutions based on feedback from the local level.

<mark>2024-2028</mark>

In the frame of ALDA's 2024-2028 new strategy, specific commitments are being taken for what concerns the work around the topic of migration. Through projects such as SHAPE, EPIC, PERCEPTIONS, SMELT, LIME, INCLUDATE and 3STEPS, ALDA went directly to work on the creation of local networks for the support of migrants, the dissemination of knowledge and practices necessary for integration processes, the involvement of people with a migratory background in democratic processes and in the creation of integration policies on several levels, and on the issue of migrants' and returnees' perceptions of Europe and the EU and how these can be misled by misinformation.

These initiatives are just the tip of the iceberg about the work that ALDA has done and continues to do on migration. The creation of the Migration Hub is therefore a necessary and positive development to give ALDA the ability to make its work on migration even more capable of generate change and have an impact on policies operating at multiple levels and, therefore, on migrants' life and the enjoyment of their rights by giving priorities to the following issues:

1. MEMBERSHIP AND COMMUNITY BUILDING					
Specific objective: Capitalise on the work of A	ALDA members on migration				
Activities: A1.1) Mapping ALDA's members who are active in the field of migration, detailing their scope of actions, direct beneficiaries and specific resources that could be mobilised as well as expertise to be shared in order A1.2) Establishing and holding regular meetings with ALDA members working on migration	<u>Outputs:</u> O1.1) Database and map of ALDA's membership work on migration along with the specific scopes of actions, available resources and expertise (<i>timing: by the end of 2024</i>) O1.2) ALDA position on the field of migration, built on the members' stances (<i>timing: by the end of 2024, with a first</i> <i>meeting organised before the GA</i>) O1.3) (potentially - to be defined with ALDA communication department) a monthly internal newsletter for the hub members with the relevant call for proposals				



2. PROJECT DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT

Specific objective: Increase the number of projects dedicated to migration managed by ALDA and its members

Activities:

A2.1) ALDA Development department will increase and refine the monitoring of calls for proposals relating to migration, selecting the ones aligning with ALDA's values A2.2) ALDA Development department, in close consultation with the Membership officer and the Project Managers of the Migration Hub, will engage in the development of project proposals with relevant members and partners

- A specific focus will be given on the capitalisation of previous projects so as to generate a positive change and produce tangible results, knowledge and good practices that can be shared and used
- (to be confirmed) ALDA's migration hub will produce a monthly newsletter with opportunities for members, including calls for proposals

Outputs:

O2) At least 2 project proposals are developed every year with ALDA covering a leadership role

3. LOCAL AUTHORITIES

Specific objective: Supporting Local Authorities in the management of specific challenges in the field of migration

<u>Activities:</u>	<u>Outputs:</u>
3.1) Starting from ALDA member Local	O3.1) Needs assessment of the specific
Authorities, the specific needs of	needs to complement the already identified
municipalities, regions and other LAs will be	fields of actions (<i>connected to the mapping in</i>
assessed in order to identify the more urgent	<i>the first section</i>)
skills to be reinforced and topics to be	O3.2.1) Specific capacity building sessions
covered, as for example the management of	for local authorities to strengthen their ability
unaccompanied minors	in responding to the needs linked to migrant
3.2) ALDA will develop specific trainings	inclusion, such as in the frame of the
sessions for capacity building of local	EPIC-UP project:
authorities to strengthen their ability in	O3.2.2) ToT to promote migrants'
responding to the needs linked to migrant	participation in the design and
inclusion, with the participation of CSOs and	implementation of integration policies
inclusion, with the participation of CSOs and	implementation of integration policies,
migrant communities to share knowledge	- EU Knowledge sharing & Peer



3.3) ALDA will also facilitate the peer-learning dimension among member Local Authorities by liaising the ones who are already experienced on specific matters with the ones needing further support.

mentoring sessions,

- field visits
- migration narratives peer-to-peer exchange.
- policy labs sessions and desk research with participation of LAs

O3.3) On-demand peer-learning opportunities (online meetings) among member Local Authorities on specific topics.

4. CIVIL SOCIETY & CITIZENS

Specific objective: Supporting CSOs and local communities to be an activator of inclusion and integration and making the voice of people with migrant backgrounds heard and considered through their involvement in decision-making processes at the local level

Activities:

Outputs: A4.1) Identifying the most relevant O4.1) Development of a specific section in methodologies to involve people with migrant ALDA's toolkit of participatory democracy backgrounds in decision-making at the local methodologies dedicated to the inclusion of people with migrant backgrounds level O4.2) On-demand peer-learning opportunities A4.2) Facilitate peer-learning among ALDA (online meetings) among member CSOs on member organisations working to support migrant citizens capacity building, autonomy specific topics tied to the participation of and representativeness people with migrant backgrounds. A4.3) TBC develop specific training sessions dedicated to raise awareness among people with migrant backgrounds about local democracy and their rights to participation (to be inserted in the next project proposals)

5. INCLUSIVITY AND COMMUNICATION

Specific objective: Integrating the work of ALDA's Gender Equality & Anti-Discrimination Hub mainstreaming inclusivity of people with migrant backgrounds

Activities: Outputs: A5.1) Engaging on the mainstreaming of O5.1) Integrated Gender Equality & inclusion of people with migrant backgrounds Anti-Discrimination policy with a reflection on in ALDA's actions through an integration of the mainstreaming of the inclusion of people ALDA's Gender Equality & Anti-Discrimination with migrant backgrounds in ALDA's actions policy, such as the approach to be taken in (timing: by the end of 2024) the work with diasporas to avoid an "othering" O5.2) Internal communication and process hindering inclusion initiatives terminology toolkit/glossary on how to avoid



A5.2) Committing to avoid indirect discrimination practices in the field of migration by developing a specific communication and terminology toolkit indirect discrimination in the field of migration *(timing: by the end of 2024)*

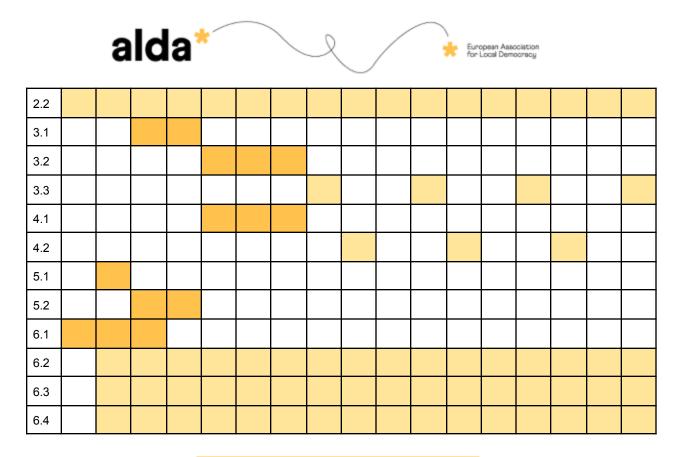
6. NETWORKING AND ADVOCACY

<u>Specific objective:</u> Continue ALDA's ongoing efforts to create a strong coalition of local and regional governments and CSOs engaging with national governments and EU institutions in the field of migration to improve the conditions of migrants for better integration in their host communities.

Activities: A6.1) Enrich our mapping of the most relevant stakeholders in the field of migration working at the EU level and in ALDA's target countries, in particular the ones whose work intertwines with local democracy A6.2) Facilitate the networking between ALDA members and the mapped relevant stakeholders, including institutions A6.3) Initiate or participate in awareness and advocacy activities together with CSO and LA members around ALDA's topics of work related to migration, in constant interaction with EU institutions (DG HOME, DG NEAR and DG INTPA as well as the relevant EU Delegations), as well as regional (UfM) and national institutions A6.4) Participation to external events such as: - the international day on migration (June) - the European Migration Forum (October) - international migration day (December)	<u>Outputs:</u> O6.1) Constantly updated internal map of relevant stakeholders in the field of migration O6.2) On-demand networking (online meetings) among ALDA members and mapped relevant stakeholders, including institutions O6.3) At least two advocacy actions and/or communication campaigns
--	--

		2024			20	25			20	26			20	27		20	28
A/Q	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
1.1																	
1.2																	
2.1																	

Timeline



Ongoing ALDA projects on migration

Project	Description	Partners	Timespan
EPIC UP: Upscaling of the European Platform for Integrated Communities (AMIF)	The EPIC-UP project will establish six Community of Practices (CoPs) in six EU countries (Bulgaria, Germany, Greece, Italy, Poland and Spain) where existing good practices and strategies are leveraged, to provide better services and policies to increase the effectiveness of migrant inclusion at local level. The project's general objective is to address the need for a model to design and implement local integration strategies that are more effective for the inclusion of migrants at local level because they have been conceived	Leader: ALDA Partners: - European Association for Innovation in Local Development AEIDL. - ASSOCIAZIONE PER L'AMBASCIATA DELLA DEMOCRAZIA LOCALE A ZAVIDOVICI. - CASTEGNATO Municipality. - KENTRO MERIMNAS OIKOGENEIAS KAI PAIDIOU – KMOP. - Koinofelis Dimotiki Epixeirisi Pirea – KODEP. - SDRUZHENIE YUNI PARTNERS.	36 months 01/05/2024 - 30/04/2027



	through inclusive and participatory processes.	 FUNDACIÓN CEPAIM ACCIÓN INTEGRAL CON MIGRANTES. K.I.T KULTUR IM TURM E.V. STADT OBERHAUSEN. Instytut Miast Praw Człowieka - IMPC. Mimetis SRL Impresa Sociale MIM 	
AMIL: Alliance multi-stakeholder for Migrants Integration and Labor (AMIF)	Promote the sustainable integration of third-country nationals (TCNs) into the labour market by expanding and strengthening the 'MEIC Migrants Economic Integration Cluster'. This multi-level and multi-stakeholder cluster is intended to enhance coordination among key territorial socio-economic actors, thereby fostering the integration of TCNs into the labour market. The project will focus on upscaling established good practices, customising socio-economic insertion paths at the local level, strengthening national/regional systems for taking charge of target persons, and building the capacities of key actors at the European level. The MEIC model will be disseminated through dissemination activities, including international workshops for stakeholders of several EU Member States.	Leader: CENTRO INFORMAZIONE E EDUCAZIONE ALLO SVILUPPO - CIES onlus Partners: - ALDA. - CGIL di Roma e del Lazio. - PROGRAMMA INTEGRA SOCIETA COOPERATIVA SOCIALE - CODECA - CENTER FOR SOCIAL COHESION DEVELOPMENT - ROMA CAPITALE -PRICEWATERHOUSECO OPERS BUSINESS SOLUTIONS - SPEHA FRESIA SC - SYNDESMOS EXAGOGEON	24 months 15th April 2024 - 14th March 2026
SHAPE: Sharing Actions for the Participation and Empowerment of migrant communities and Local	It aims to foster the participation of people with a migratory background in democratic processes and	<i>Leader:</i> ALDA and WeWorld <i>Partners</i> :	10/01/2022 - 09/01/2024

alda* European Association for Local Democracy

Authorities (AMIF)	in the design and implementation of integration policies at local, national and European level;	 CONNGI - National Coordination of New Italian Generations, LAKA, Municipality of Stuttgart, Jesuit Refugee Service, RightChallenge, Foundation Artemisszio, Municipality of Stuttgart, Lousada Municipality. 	
HEY! (Erasmus+)	Addresses the challenges of young people, especially those with fewer opportunities. The objective is to present data on how the pandemic is amplifying existing vulnerabilities among youth, and how youth work responds to the needs. To foster the inclusion of young people with fewer opportunities, returnees and others to become active citizens. To empower youth workers to build synergies and equip them with digital tools to address youth challenges.	<i>Leader:</i> Organismos koinonikis politikis kai drasis (SPAO); <i>Partners:</i> - Associaciao Juvenil da Linha de Cascais Rota Jovem, - Asoc. GRIGRI Proyectos Socioculturales, - Agis Note et Innove (ANI), - Redial Partnership CLG, - Promimpresa srl, - ALDA.	05/2022- 03/2024

Completed ALDA projects on migration

Project	Description	Partners	Timespan
LIME: Labour integration for migrants employment (AMIF)	The project aimed to promote the integration of young Third Country Nationals (aged 18-29) in the labour market, by implementing the Migrants Economic Integration Cluster– MEIC model all over Europe;	<i>Leader</i> : CIES. <i>Partners</i> : ALDA, Centro Nazionale Opere Salesiane, Libera Università Maria Ss., Guaranì Association, Pinardi, Confcooperative.	02/2019- 02/2021



Project	Description	Partners	Timespan
DEVOTE: Developing Competencies of Teachers to Integrate Students with Migrant Background in European Schools (Erasmus+)	The project aimed to strengthen the integration of students with migrant backgrounds in schools, prevent early school leaving and improve their success in education by providing training, coaching and guidance to teachers. Implemented in France, Belgium, Italy, Slovenia and Türkiye	<i>Leader: ALDA</i> <i>Partners:</i> UCLL - University College Leuven Limburg, Paydas Egitim, DRPD Novo Mesto, Formazione e Comunione cooperativa sociale onlus, University of Thessaly	10/2020 - 09/2022
MIICT : ICT enabled public service for migrant	The project goal was the inclusion of migrants by better addressing their requirements. The project planed to improve and customise the interfaces used to access key public services, by developing a database system named "IMMERSE" (Integration of Migrants MatchER SErvice). IMMERSE will capture the specific socio-cultural, economic and legal contexts of migrants that is shared with public authorities;	<i>Leader</i> : Sheffield Hallam University. <i>Partners</i> : ALDA, Caritas Cyprus, Engomi Municipality, Centre for the study of Democracy, FUNDEA, Ministero Della Giustizia, Eurothink, AGENFOR, CERTH, ADITESS.	11/2018- 10/2021
BRIGHT : Building rights	The project aimed at improving the awareness and exercising the EU citizenship rights of mobile women employed in low-labour standards sectors.	<i>Leader</i> : Actionaid Int. Italia Onlus. <i>Partners</i> : ALDA, Gender Project for Bulgaria Foundation, Fundatia Centrul Parteneriat, Pentru Egalitate,Consiglio per la ricerca in agricoltura e l'analisi dell'economia agraria, Laboratorio per la sussidiarietà.	12/2019- 11/2021



Project	Description	Partners	Timespan
EPIC : European Platform of Integrating Cities (AMIF)	It aims to improve the integration of migrants at local level by creating a network of Local Authorities (LAs) and their implementing partners (NGOs). This will allow a transfer of knowledge and know-how among Local Authorities and support direct peer-to-peer practical learning that foresees the exchange of knowledge, skills, and personnel on migrant integration matters. The goals are: share knowledge and best practices of migrant integration, engage in peer-to-peer exchanges based on mutual priorities and different expertise, and integrate efficient practices within their local policies;	<i>Leader:</i> ALDA <i>Partners:</i> Brescia Municipality, Social Cooperative Studio e Progetto 2, Lisbon Municipality, Solidaridad Sin Fronteras, Jesuite Refugee Service Portugal, Jesuite Refugee Service Croatia, Ioannina Municipality, European Association for Information on Local Development University College London, Stadt Oberhausen, Associazione ADL Zavidovici SYMβIOSIS, Kitev – Kultur im Turm, Gdańsk Municipality, Sisak Municipality.	01/2020- 06/2022
PERCEPTIONS (Horizon)	It examines how Europe and the EU are seen by people who have immigrated there or intend to do so. It examines what perceptions of Europe exist among migrants, refugees and asylum seekers, how they are formed, whether they correspond to reality and how they influence migration decisions;	Leader: SYNYO GmbH Partners: ALDA, Glavna Direktsia Granichna Politsia Ministry of Public Security, Hellenic Police, Caritas Cyprus, Fundación Euroárabe de Altos Estudios, Kosovar Centre for Security Studies, Advanced Integrated Technology Solutions and Services LTD, Egyptian Center for Innovation and Technology, Development Applied Economics for Development Research, Centre Sinus Markt Center for the Study of Democracy, Kentro Meleton Asfaleias, International Centre for Migration Policy, Development Antwerpen, University Erasmus, University La Sapienza, University Swansea, University Rey Juan Carlos, University Granada, University	01/2022- 12/2023



Project	Description	Partners	Timespan
		Bologna, University Sheffield, Hallam University.	
3 STEPS (Erasmus+)	Since migrants and refugees belong to the most disadvantaged groups within the educational systems of the European Union the project aims to train teachers on intercultural competence, inclusion and shared values, improve education of young migrants and refugees of 15-25 years old in an innovative way.	<i>Leader:</i> Verein Multikulturell <i>Partners</i> : ALDA, Mozaik - Human Resources, Development Asociación para el intercambio, educación y desarrollo social Symplexis CESIE	01/2020- 09/2022